REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public regarding burden for this collection of information is intimated to average 1 hour per response, including the tar-gathering and mainfaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comme collection of information, including suspentions for reducing this burden, to Washington Needequarters Services, Directs Davis Nighmay, Suste 1264, Arlington, V.S. 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Aedict A Project (9704-61881, Wa

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)

2. REPORT DATE 5/5/97

2. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED

Final 15 Dec 94 - 14 Dec 96

4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE

DURIP-94: PHASE CONJUGATE INJECTION LOCKING OF LASER DIODE ARRAYS

61103D 3484/US

S. FUNDING NUMBERS

6. AUTHOR(S)

Jack Feinberg

AFOSR-TR-97

7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

University of Southern California Dept. of Physics Los Angeles, CA 90089-0484

S. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

AFOSR/NE 110 Duncan Avenue Suite B115 Bolling AFB DC 20332-8050

10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER

F49620-95-1-0103

11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

124. DISTRIBUTION! AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for public release: distribution unlimited

125. DISTRIBUTION CODE

13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)

This is an "equipment only" grant under the Defense University Research Instrumentation Program. A report of the results obtained with this equipment is contained in the final report for Grant F49620-95-1-0082, "Phase-Conjugate Injection Locking of Laser Diode Arrays." To avoid duplication of paperwork, only a partial summary of that report will be duplicated here. This grant is to produce highbrightness, narrow-frequency light beams from semiconductor laser arrays using optical phase conjugation. The investigators recently demonstrated that their proposed techniques are both practical and efficient, and can be applied to commercially available semiconductor lasers. Their experiments coupled an optical phase conjugator to a broad-area semiconductor laser, causing the laser to emit a 0.5 watt, near-diffraction-limited output beam. Their system is simple and compact, and it also automatically adjusts for any frequency drift or gradual misalignment of the optical components. The investigators extended their techniques from single, broad-area lasers to powerful semiconductor laser arrays.

14. SUBJECT TERMS

Lasers, phase conjugation

15. NUMBER OF PAGES 4

16. PRICE CODE

17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT

18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE unclassified

19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT

20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRA

unclassified

unclassifed

P. 3

page 1

Final Report

submitted to the Air Force Office of Scientific Research Bolling AFB, Building 410, Washington, D.C. 20332-6448

ATTN.: Dr. Howard Schlossberg

- 1) Date submitted: MAY 4, 1997
- 2) Title: DURIP-94: PHASE CONJUGATE INJECTION LOCKING OF LASER DIODE ARRAYS
- 3) Principal Investigator: JACK FEINBERG, DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS Office: (213) 740-1134, Fax: (213) 740-6653
- 4) Time period covered: DECEMBER 15, 1994 DECEMBER 15, 1996
- 5) Institution Name: University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California 90089-0484
- 6) Federal agency identifying award number: F49620-95-1-0103

19970602 142

P. 4

page 2

DURIP-94: PHASE CONJUGATE INJECTION LOCKING OF LASER DIODE ARRAYS

Jack Feinberg Department of Physics University of Southern California Los Angeles, California 90089-0484 (213) 740-1134 (Voice) (213) 740-6654 (Fax)

A) Summary of Overall Progress:

This goal of this project was to produce a high-brightness, narrow-frequency light beam from a semiconductor laser array. We used a mutually-pumped phase conjugator to couple a single-frequency master laser into a high-power diode laser array. This injected light narrowed the frequency bandwidth of the laser array's output beam. Tuning the master laser (by adjusting its current or its temperature) then smoothly tuned the laser array, while the output beam remained diffraction limited. We characterized and optimizing the mutuallypumped phase conjugator, which is the key element for aiming light from the injecting laser into the numerous lasers making up the laser array. We compared the performance of the four types of mutually-pumped phase conjugators for injecting light into a laser array. We have also pursued a number of other, related projects. In particular, we have published new results on the following:

- 1) We developed a new technique for detecting domains hidden in photorefractive crystals. These 180° domains are usually not wanted, for they diminish the efficiency of beam-coupling in such crystals. Our simple technique maps the location of any 180° domains in three dimensions.
- 2) We measured the phase of the light produced by frequency doubling in a selfphase matched optical fiber.
- 3) We measured the anisotropy of the mobility of holes in barium titanate crystals. We show that the drift mobility perpendicular to the crystal's c-axis is 40 times that along the c-axis.

B) Accomplishments/New Findings

See below and final report of grant F49620-95-1-0082

- C) Current Problems or Unusual Developments: None.
- D) Changes from Original Proposal: None.

page 3

E) Publications

- S. C. de la Cruz, S. MacCormack, J. Feinberg, Q. B. He, H. K. Liu, and P. Yeh, "Effect of beam coherence on mutually pumped phase conjugators," J. Optical Society of America-B 12, 1363-1369 (1995).
- V. Grubsky, S. MacCormack, and J. Feinberg, "All-optical three-dimensional mapping of 180° domains hidden in a BaTiO₃ crystal," Opt. Lett. <u>21</u>, 6-8 (1996).
- P. Lambelet and J. Feinberg, "Phase of second-harmonic light self-generated in a glass fiber," Opt. Lett. 21, 925-927 (1996).
- D. Mahgerefteh, D. Kirillov, R. S. Cudney, G. D. Bacher, R. M. Pierce, and J. Feinberg, "Anisotropy of the hole drift mobility in barium titanate," Phys. Rev. B. 53, 7094 7098 (1996).

F) Personnel Supported

Equipment only.

G) Interactions

Contributed talks:

"Frequency locking of two elements of a laser diode array using mutually pumped phase conjugation," S.-C. De La Cruz, S. MacCormack, P. Lambelet and J. Feinberg, Photorefractive Materials, Effects and Devices, Estes Park, Colorado, June 11-14, 1995.

CLEO -96: "Dynamic mapping of 180* domains hidden in photorefractive crystals," Victor Grubsky, Stuart MacCormack and Jack Feinberg.

Nonlinear Optics: Materials, Fundamentals, and Applications (Maui, Hawaii): "Powerful, diffraction-limited semiconductor laser using photorefractive beam coupling," Stuart MacCormack, Jack Feinberg, Steve O'Brien, Robert J. Lang, Marvin B. Klein, Barry A. Wechsler

Collaborations with

- 1) Prof. Robert Eason
 Optoelectronics Researche Centre
 University of Southampton
 Southampton, England
- 2) Patrick Lambelet
 Laboratoire d'Optique Appliqueé
 Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale
 Laussanne, Switzerland

P. 6

page 4

- 3) Marvin Klein and Barry Wechsler Hughes Research Labs Malibu, CA
- 4) Steve O'Brien and Robert Lang SDL, Inc. Santa Clara, CA
- 5a) Q. Byron He and 5b) Hua-Kuang Liu of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology,
- 6) Pochi Yeh of the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California at Santa Barbara.

G) New Discoveries, Inventions, or Patent Disclosures

A new method for detecting and mapping 180° domains hidden in photorefractive crystals. No disclosure filed.

H) Honors or Awards

The principal investigator, Jack Feinberg, won a nice award: the 1995 Discover Award for "Technological Innovation In The Field Of Sight." This was a national competition. An article about this work was printed in the June, 1995 issue of Discover magazine.